

Problem 1.

A space rocket with mass $M=12t$ is moving around the Moon along the circular orbit at the height of $h =100$ km. The engine is activated for a short time to pass at the lunar landing orbit. The velocity of the ejected gases $u = 10^4$ m/s. The Moon radius $R_M = 1,7 \cdot 10^3$ km, the acceleration of gravity near the Moon surface $g_M = 1.7$ m/s²

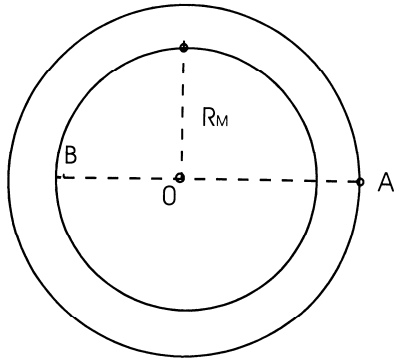


Fig.1

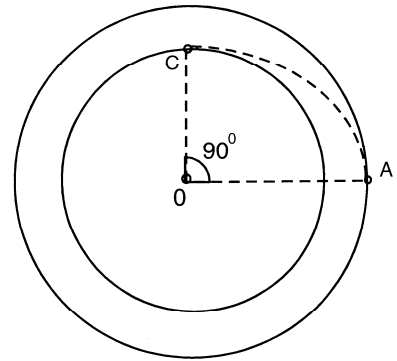


Fig.2

- 1). What amount of fuel should be spent so that when activating the braking engine at point A of the trajectory, the rocket would land on the Moon at point B (Fig.1)?
- 2). In the second scenario of landing, at point A the rocket is given an impulse directed towards the center of the Moon, to put the rocket to the orbit meeting the Moon surface at point C (Fig.2). What amount of fuel is needed in this case?